

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page no.
Chapter I: General Introduction	1
Chapter II: <i>In vitro</i> Regeneration of Explants from pigeonpea genotypes.	
2.1. Introduction and review of literature	7
2.2. Materials and methods	10
2.2.1. Plant material	10
2.2.2. Chemicals	10
2.2.3. Seed sterilization	10
2.2.4. Explant preparation	11
2.2.5. Preparation of culture media and conditions	11
2.2.6. Elongation of shoots	12
2.2.7. Rooting of shoots	13
2.2.8. Acclimatization	13
2.3. Results	13
2.3.1. Growth response of Pigeonpea seeds	13
2.3.2. Growth response of embryonic structures of Pigeonpea	17
2.3.3. Growth responses of Pigeonpea cotyledons	21
2.4. Discussion	25
Chapter III: Transformation of embryonic structures of Pigeonpea genotypes with salt tolerance genes	
3.1. Introduction and review of literature	28
3.2. Material and methods	31
3.2.1. Plant material	31
3.2.2. Chemicals	31
3.2.3. Bacterial strains and plasmids used	32
3.2.4. Genetic transformation procedure	32
3.2.5. Histochemical analysis of β -glucuronidase (GUS)	33
3.3. Results	34
3.4. Discussion	39

**Chapter IV: Expression of the *Vigna aconitifolia* P5CSF129A Gene
in Transgenic Pigeonpea enhances Proline Accumulation
and Salt Tolerance**

4.1. Introduction	41
4.2. Materials and methods	43
4.2.1. Plant material	43
4.2.2. Chemicals	43
4.2.3. Bacterial strain and plasmid used	43
4.2.4. Genetic transformation procedure	45
4.2.5. Analysis of T ₀ generation plants	45
4.2.6. Analysis of T ₁ generation plants	49
4.2.7. Statistical analysis	54
4.3. Results	54
4.3.1. Analysis of T ₀ generation plants	54
4.3.2. Analysis of T ₁ generation plants	58
4.3.3. Evaluation of tolerance to salinity in transgenic (T ₁) plants	61
4.4. Discussion	64
5. Summary	66
6. Appendix	72
7. Bibliography	83